Audit & Risk Committee Charter

Experience Co Limited

ACN 167 320 470

CONTENTS

1	Role of the Committee	3
2	Membership	3
3	Authority and access to information	4
4	Meetings	4
5	Responsibilities	5
6	Reporting to the Board	9
7	Committee Peview	c

1 ROLE OF THE COMMITTEE

- (a) The Audit and Risk Committee (the Committee) is a committee of the Board of Experience Co Limited (Group or the Company) with the specific powers delegated as set out in this Charter in accordance with the Company's constitution and Board Charter.
- (b) The role of the Committee is to assist the Board of Directors to meet its oversight responsibilities in relation to the Company's financial reporting systems, the systems of internal control and risk management and internal and external audit functions. In fulfilling these roles, the Committee is responsible for maintaining free and open communication between the Board, the Committee, management and the auditors.
- (c) The Committee does not relieve any directors of their responsibilities for these matters.

2 MEMBERSHIP

- (a) The Committee members will comprise at least three non-executive directors. A majority of the Committee members must be independent directors and the Chairman of the Committee will be an independent non-executive Director other than the Chairman of the Board.
- (b) The Committee members must be proposed by the Chairman of the Board and approved by the Board. In appointing members to the Committee, the Board will have regard to:
 - (i) at least one member of the Committee should have accounting and financial expertise;
 - (ii) each member of the Committee must be able to read and understand financial statements.
- (c) A member of the Committee may, with the approval of the Committee Chairman and at Group expense, attend seminars or training courses in respect of issues related to the functions and responsibilities of the Committee.
- (d) Cessation as a director of the Board will automatically result in termination of appointment as a member of the Committee.
- (e) The Committee Secretary will be the Company Secretary of the Company or the Company Secretary's nominee.

WEB: experienceco.com EML: info@experienceco.com TEL: 1300 601 899

3

3 AUTHORITY AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION

- (a) The Committee has authority to seek any information it requires from any officer or employee of the Company or its controlled entities and such officers or employees are instructed by the Board of the Company employing them to respond to such enquiries.
- (b) The Committee has authority to:
 - (i) Investigate any activity within its Charter and any matters specifically requested by the Board;
 - (ii) Resolve any disagreements between management and the auditor regarding financial reporting;
 - (iii) Delegate authority to subcommittees;
 - (iv) Obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice as necessary to assist the Committee in the proper exercise of its powers and responsibilities, with the cost to be borne by the Group.

4 MEETINGS

- (a) The Committee will meet regularly, at the times determined by the Committee Chairman, but not less than two scheduled times a year.
- (b) A member of the Committee or the external auditor may request that a meeting of the Committee be convened at any other time.
- (c) A quorum shall be any 2 members.
- (d) The Committee may invite any of the following to attend all or part of a meeting of the Committee:
 - (i) The external auditor:
 - (ii) Any internal auditor;
 - (iii) Any other non-executive director, executive or employee of the Group;
 - (iv) Any other person,

in each case, with or without management being present.

- (e) Board members may attend any meeting of the Committee.
- (f) Should the Chairman of the Committee be absent from the meeting, the members of the Committee present at the meeting have the authority to choose one of their number to chair that particular meeting.
- (g) At least once per year the Committee shall meet with the external auditor without management present.



- (h) The Committee Secretary will distribute in advance of a meeting the Committee agenda and any related papers to each member of the Committee and any other persons determined by the Committee.
- Where a member has a conflict of interest in a matter, the Committee Secretary (i) will provide the person with notice of the matter but, unless the other members of the Committee determine otherwise, will not provide that person with papers in relation to that matter
- The Committee Secretary will prepare minutes of meetings and have them (i) approved by the Chairman. Minutes of meetings shall be confirmed at the next meeting of the Committee.
- (k) Decisions will be determined by majority vote but the Chairman shall report the fact of a dissenting vote to the Board. The Chairman shall not have a casting vote.
- A meeting may be held using any technology agreed by all Committee members. (1) including audio or video conference facilities.

5 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Committee has the following specific responsibilities with respect to the audit, risk management and financial reporting functions delegated to it by the Board:

- (a) Financial reporting:
 - (i) reviewing significant accounting and reporting issues, including recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements;
 - (ii) overseeing the periodic financial reporting process implemented by management and review the interim financial statements, annual financial statements and preliminary announcements prior to their public release to determine whether they are complete, reflect appropriate accounting principles, contain appropriate disclosure, and are consistent with the information known to the members of the Committee:
 - ensuring accounting policies are applied consistently and any new accounting standards requirements relevant to the Company are applied appropriately;
 - paying particular attention to large, complex and/or unusual transactions (iv) such as business combinations, restructuring charges and measurement and recognition of financial instruments;
 - focusing on judgmental areas of the financial statements, for (v) example those involving revenue recognition, valuation of assets and liabilities, product or environmental liabilities and other commitments and contingencies;
 - obtaining regular updates from management and the Company's (vi) legal counsel regarding compliance matters which may have a material impact on the Company's reputation or financial statements;



- (vii) reviewing management processes designed to support the Company's external reporting obligations;
- (viii) making appropriate enquiries to satisfy itself that all regulatory compliance matters related to the business of the Company have been considered in the preparation of the financial statements;
- (ix) meeting with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and the results of the audit; and
- (x) ensuring that any significant adjustments, unadjusted differences, disagreements with management and critical accounting policies and practices have been discussed with the external auditor.
- (b) Risk management:
 - (i) approving management's overall risk management strategy for the Company and ensure that required actions are resourced appropriately;
 - (ii) ensuring that the Company identifies, reviews and regularly updates the profile of the principal business risks to which it is exposed and has assessed the appropriateness of the steps the Company has taken to managethese risks;
 - (iii) developing a risk profile describing the material risks facing the Company and review trends on the risk profile, reports on specific risks and the status of the risk management process;
 - (iv) monitoring performance of management in implementing risk management responses and internal control rectification activities and ensure that there are appropriate systems for identifying and monitoring risks in place and that these are operating as intended;
 - (v) reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's implementation of the risk management system;
 - (vi) review reports on any major defalcations, frauds and thefts from the Company and to ensure that control procedures are adequate;
 - (vii) review proposed transactions between the Company, its directors and members of management with a view to avoiding conflicts of interest; and
 - (viii) reviewing and assessing whether the Company's insurances are adequate.

(c) Internal control:

- (i) overseeing the processes used in producing financial statements;
- (ii) evaluating the process the Company has in place for assessing the effectiveness and efficiency of internal controls, particularly those related to areas of significant risk;
- (iii) assessing whether management has appropriate controls in place for unusual types of transactions and/or any particular transactions that may carry more than an acceptable degree of risk; and
- (iv) monitoring implementation by management of any internal control recommendations made by the internal and external auditors and approved by the Committee, or any internal control policies required by the Board.

(d) External audit:

- (i) reviewing the external auditor's proposed strategy and audit approach for the current year in the light of the Company's circumstances and changes in regulatory and other requirements;
- (ii) regularly reviewing with the external auditor any audit problems or difficulties the auditor encountered in the normal course of audit work including any restriction on audit scope or access to information;
- (iii) liaising with the external auditor and ensure that the annual audit is conducted in an efficient, effective and independent manner that is consistent with the Committee members' information and knowledge and is adequate for shareholder needs;
- (iv) reviewing external audit reports to ensure that, where significant deficiencies or breakdowns in controls or procedures have been identified, appropriate and prompt remedial action is taken by the Company;
- (v) discussing with the external auditor the quality of accounting policies applied in the Company's financial reporting;
- (vi) advising the Board on the appointment, independence, terms of engagement (including audit fee), performance and, if necessary, the termination/retirement of the external auditor;
- (vii) to review and assess non-audit service provision by the external auditor to ensure no impairment of judgement or independence;
- (viii) ensuring the Company does not employ audit firm personnel in senior positions within 1 year of those personnel leaving the audit firm; and
- (ix) reviewing all representation letters signed by management and ensure that the information provided is complete and appropriate.



- (e) Internal audit (subject to an internal audit function being in place):
 - (i) reviewing and approving the internal audit plan, its scope and progress, and any significant changes to it, including any difficulties or restrictions on scope of activities, or significant disagreements with management;
 - (ii) confirming the appointment, promotion or dismissal of the head of internal audit (if a member of staff) or termination of any outsourced internal audit function:
 - (iii) reviewing the effectiveness of the internal audit function and ensure that it has appropriate standing within the Company.
 - (iv) ensuring significant findings and recommendations made by the internal auditor are received, discussed with a course of action agreed that this is implemented on a timely basis;
 - (v) ensuring that the annual work plan of internal audit includes an analysis of the effectiveness of the Company's risk management, internal compliance and control system;
 - (vi) If no internal audit function is in place, periodically review the need for an internal audit function.
- (f) Selection and rotation of the external auditor:
 - (i) the external auditors are selected according to criteria set by the Committee which include:
 - (A) the lack of any current or past connection or association with the Company or with any member of senior management which could in any way impair, or be seen to carry with it any risk of impairing, the independent external view the external auditor is required to take in relation to the Company and the group;
 - (B) their general reputation for independence and probity and professional standing within the business community; and
 - (C) their knowledge of the industry within which the Company and the Company group operate;
 - (ii) the Committee has discretion to require rotation of the audit staff employed by the external audit partner, including the partner or other principal with overall responsibility for the engagement.

(g) Corporate Governance:

- (i) reviewing for completeness and accuracy the reporting of the Company's main corporate governance practices as required under the ASX Listing Rules;
- (ii) reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's policy and procedures on continuous disclosure to the ASX;
- (iii) approving the Company's internal policy on the delegation of authority which sets out matters reserved to the Board and delegated to management;
- (iv) reviewing and monitoring the propriety of related-party transactions.

6 REPORTING TO THE BOARD

- (a) The Chairman of the Committee will report the findings and recommendations of the Committee to the Board after each Committee meeting.
- (b) The minutes of all Committee meetings shall be circulated to members of the Board.
- (c) The Committee does not have executive powers with regard to its findings and recommendations.

7 COMMITTEE REVIEW

- (a) The Committee will review its performance periodically.
- (b) The Charter will be viewed annually by the Committee. All amendments to the Charter are to be considered and approved by the Board.

Updated - November 2021